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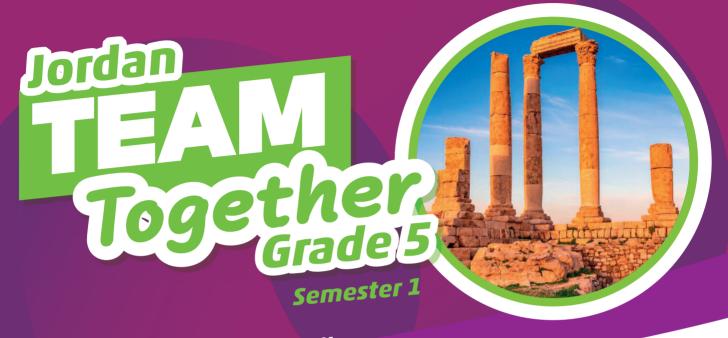
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1445 هـ / 2024 م :(First edition (trial)

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Pupil's Book with Digital Resources

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Scope and sequence

Unit	Unit objectives	Vocabulary	Grammar	Listening
Welcome back	Describing free-time activities; talking about appearance	Free-time activities: play football, play basketball, go swimming, Science Club, visit Granny, tennis lesson Appearance: curly hair, long hair, straight hair, short hair, dark hair, a beard, fair hair, a moustache	Present simple with before/after/when When Jameela gets home, she plays with her cat.	Following the sequence of events in a simple story or narrative; identifying people in their immediate surroundings or in pictures from a short, simple description of their physical appearance and clothes
Talent show	Describing personality; talking about hobbies	Personality adjectives: shy, confident, lazy, hard-working, friendly, cheerful, kind, quiet, polite, rude, tidy, untidy Hobbies: count, spell, do experiments, bake a cake, throw a ball, fix toys, juggle, make a pizza Pronunciation: untidy, unfriendly, unhappy, unlucky, unwell, unsafe	Comparative and superlative adjectives My mum is shorter than me. She's the shortest person in our family! be good at I'm good at baking a cake.	Follow the sequence of events in a simple story or narrative; recognising familiar key words and phrases in short, basic descriptions
Then and n	Taking about technology; using verbs	Technology: computer, email, smartwatch, keyboard, letter, carry, mouse, telephone, call, tablet, mobile phone, study Verbs: post a letter, hold a pen, send an email, win a race, make a face, make a sandwich, tell a story, tie a shoelace Pronunciation: inform, information, describe, description	Past simple Did you have a phone ten years ago? That computer was really big! could/couldn't When I was one, I could walk but I couldn't talk.	Following the sequence of events in a simple story or narrative; extracting factual information from short, simple dialogues or stories about past events; identifying the context of short, simple dialogues related to familiar everyday situations
s Learning C	l ub: Language bo	oster 1		
Let's explor	Talking about space; using big numbers	Space: Sun, star, rocket, Moon, solar system, space station, Earth, telescope, spacesuit, planet, comet, satellite Big numbers: a hundred, five hundred, a thousand, five thousand, ten thousand, fifty thousand, a hundred thousand, a million Pronunciation: planet, spacesuit, rocket, satellite, astronaut, telescope, scientist, explorer	will/won't I'll get him a present. I won't get him a book. How? How deep is the Grand Canyon?	Following the sequence of events in a simple story or narrative; identifying specific information in short, simple dialogues in which speakers make arrangements to do something; identifying key information about future plans in short, simple dialogues
Off to the shops	Talking about shops, money and prices	Shops: butcher's, newsagent's, phone shop, greengrocer's, jeweller's, corner shop, fishmonger's, sports shop, shoe shop, pharmacy, gift shop, toy shop Money and prices: money, box, save, purse, spend, wallet, buy, birthday money, sell Pronunciation: pay, payment, encourage, encouragement	Relative clauses It's the man who we saw earlier. We're in the shop where my brother works. have to / don't have to I have to save some money.	Following the sequence of events in a simple story or narrative; identifying key information such as prices, times and dates in a short description

Bo's Learning Club: Language booster 2

Festivals: Harvest Festival, World Water Day

Solve it

Grammar reference

Progress path

	Speaking	Reading	Writing	Pronunciation	Project	Viewing and presenting	Functions
	Describing daily routines in a simple way; describing someone's physical appearance in a basic way	Identifying specific information in a simple story; understanding the correct sequence of events; understanding basic sentences describing someone's physical appearance	Writing short, simple descriptions of people's physical appearance using basic connectors			Presenting a poem about family to the class	
	Describing someone's physical appearance in a basic way; making simple, direct comparisons between two people or things	Following the sequence of events in a simple story or narrative; identifying people in their immediate surroundings or in pictures from a short, simple description of their physical appearance and clothes; getting the gist of short, simple texts on familiar topics, if supported by pictures	Writing short, simple descriptions of people's physical appearance using basic connectors; making simple comparisons between people, places or things; writing a short description of a person they know well	The prefix un- for adjectives: untidy, unfriendly, unhappy, unlucky, unwell, unsafe	Making a good manners book	Sharing a house number design with the class; presenting a good manners book to the class	Describing people She's very friendly.
	Talking about past events or experiences, using simple language; expressing ability or lack of ability in relation to basic everyday actions; describing basic differences between two pictures	Identifying key information in short, simple factual texts from the headings and illustrations; getting the gist of short, simple texts on familiar topics; identifying the main idea of each paragraph in extended structured texts	Writing about past activities using simple language, given a model; completing a table or form with specific information extracted from a short, simple written text on a familiar topic	Changing verbs to nouns using the suffix -tion: inform, information, describe, description	Writing a guide to a museum	Presenting a museum to the class	Asking for information I'd like some information about the Science Museum, please.
Social Studies: Are all the planets rocky?							
	Talking about plans for the near future in a simple way; giving an opinion in a structured discussion; telling a simple story; describing common everyday objects using simple language	Getting the gist of short, simple texts on familiar topics; scanning a simple text to find specific information; extracting specific information from simple informational texts related to everyday life	Writing a short, simple guide to their town/city with appropriate subheadings, given a model; writing short, simple personal emails/letters about familiar topics, given prompts	Syllable stress with two and three syllable words: planet, spacesuit, rocket, satellite, astronaut, telescope, scientist, explorer	Making a class book about ancient places	Showing an astronaut's bed design to the class; presenting an ancient place to the class	Giving personal information I'm interested in joining the Space Explorers Club.
	Describing everyday activities in town using simple language; describing common everyday objects using simple language; expressing their opinions on familiar topics, using simple language	Extracting specific information in short texts on familiar topics; identifying key information in short, simple factual texts from the headings and illustrations; scanning a simple text to find specific information; identifying the overall theme of a simple illustrated story	Writing simple sentences about familiar things; writing short, simple descriptive texts giving information about common shops and amenities in their town, using basic linking words/phrases and given a model	Changing verbs to nouns using the suffix -ment: pay, payment, encourage, encouragement	Making a TV advert for a corner shop	Showing a phone case design to a partner; presenting a TV advert for a corner shop to the class	Asking for a price How much is it? It's fifteen dinars and fifty piastres.

Science: How can plants keep us healthy?

Welcome Welcome back

Free-time activities: play football, play basketball, go swimming, Science Club, visit Granny, tennis lesson

Appearance: curly hair, long hair, straight hair, short hair, dark hair, a beard, fair hair, a moustache



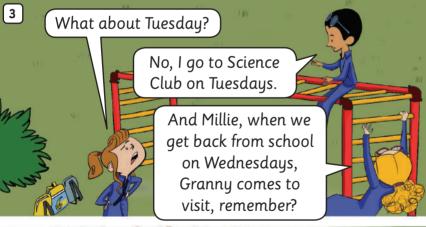




I know him! We played football together at break time. Hey, let's play in the playground.

Anyway, when can we go to the Discovery Team shed again? After we have dinner tonight?

No, after we have dinner, I've got a tennis lesson.



You are all very busy! What about NOW? What are you doing NOW?





Who is wearing sunglasses?
How many foods can you find?

I'm sitting here and talking to you, of course!
But you're right, Bo! We've all got time now! Let's go!





- Read the sentences and write the missing words.
 - 1 Katy is happy after her first day back at ______.
 - 2 There's a new boy in _____'s school.
 - **3** He's from _____.
 - **4** On Tuesdays, Hamed goes to ______.
 - **5** On Wednesdays, Millie and Katy's granny _____.
 - **6** Bo says they are all very _____.
- Act out the story.
- Look at the weekly planner. Ask and answer.



What does Katy do on Sundays?

On Sundays Katy plays football.

🟮 🦺 💭 Who is it? Describe a person to your partner.



He has brown hair, and he's having a tennis lesson.

That boy!

Yes!

- Look back! Tick (✓) the sentence in this picture.
 - 1 I go to Science Club on Tuesdays.
 - 2 No, after we have dinner I've got a tennis lesson.
 - 3 What are you doing, Bo?
- Listen and repeat.

I have a shower before I go to school.

When Jameela gets home, she plays with her cat.

After Raed and his family have dinner, they watch TV.





Look and circle the correct word. Listen and check.



1 Before / After / When I go swimming, I have a shower.



2 Before / After / When I do my homework, I watch TV.



3 Before / After / When we get home from school, we have a sandwich.



before / after / when Granny arrives.

- 🗿 🦺 💭 In pairs, read, ask and answer.
 - 1 What do you do before you go to school?
 - 2 What do you do when you get home?
 - 3 What do you do after you have dinner?
 - 4 What do you do when your parents get home from work?



Before I go to school, I brush my hair.

















curly hair

straight hair

dark hair

fair hair









long hair

short hair

a beard

a moustache

- How many other adjectives to describe people do you know?
- Stein and read the poem.

My family's unusual.
We don't look the same!
We all look very different
And I think it's great!

I'm Manal, I'm very tall!
I've got long, dark, curly hair.
This is my brother, his name is Jaber.
He's got a moustache and his hair is fair.

This is my dad, he's very tall! He's got a beard, his hair is straight. This is my mum, she's rather short! She's only one metre fifty-eight.

My family's unusual.
We don't look the same!
We all look very different
And I think it's great!

🙆 🦺 💭 Describe a person from the poem. Your partner guesses.

She's got long, dark, curly hair.





When you talk about hair, always say *long/short* first.

🌀 🗰 Write a poem about your family.

















shy

confident

lazy

hard-working









friendly

cheerful

kind

quiet









polite

rude

tidy

untidy

- \bigcirc Look for the words from Activity 2 in the picture on page 8. Write the missing word.
- Finish the sentences.

I'm a waiter. In my job, I need to be... I'm a doctor.
In my job,
I need to be...

I'm an actor. In my job, I need to be... I'm a school pupil. At school, I need to be...

Sead your descriptions from Activity 4 to a partner. Can they guess the job?

I need to be kind and hard-working.

A doctor?

Yes!

Story

- Before you read Which fruit can you see in the story?
- Listen and read.







more confident than I am!

You're good at juggling.

Go, Millie!



At lunchtime.

That was hours ago! Here, have this banana.

4









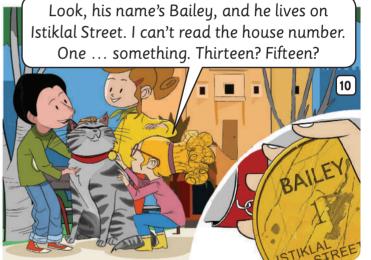
She looks so confident!

She doesn't seem shy at all!









Where does Bailey live? Go to page 66 to find out.

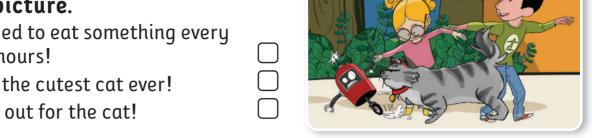


- After you read What happens first? Read and tick (✓).
 - **1 a** Millie eats a banana.
 - **b** The children start watching the talent show.
- **2 a** The cat runs onto the stage.
 - **b** Bo comes to help Millie.

- 6 Act out the story.
- 6 *Design your own house number and share.

This is my house number. It's got a picture of a rabbit on it.

- $oldsymbol{1}$ $oldsymbol{ extstyle }$ Look back! Tick ($oldsymbol{\checkmark}$) the sentence in this picture.
 - 1 You need to eat something every three hours!
 - **2** You're the cutest cat ever!
 - 3 Watch out for the cat!





My mum is shorter than me.

She's the shortest person in our family!

I'm **more** hard-working than my best friend.

I'm the **most** hard-working person in my swimming class.



Irregular adjectives

 $good \rightarrow better \rightarrow the best$

bad \rightarrow worse \rightarrow the worst

tidy \rightarrow tidier \rightarrow the tidiest

biq \rightarrow bigger \rightarrow the biggest

Read and write the adjectives.



Laila is (1) more hardworking (hardworking) than anyone else I know! She is

(2) (qood) than me at schoolwork. She's the (3) (good) student in our

class and she's the (hard-

working) person in the school!



Omar and his friend Farid live on the street too. I like Farid. He's the

(5) (cheerful) boy in the street. His friend Omar is very different.

He's **(6)**

(quiet) than Farid. Both of them are my friends.



Asma and Amer live on the street, too. Asma is **(7)**

(untidy) than Amer. Amer's room is the

(8)

(tidy) room on the street!



Listen, point and repeat.











count

spell

do experiments

bake a cake









throw a ball

fix toys

juggle

make a pizza

Listen and sing.





Are you good at solving crosswords? Are you great at fixing toys? Are you good at making lots

of noise?

Are you great at spelling words? Are you good at baking cakes? Are you good at throwing balls in a lake? Are you good at counting cats? Are you great at juggling

hats?

Listen and repeat.



🦺 💭 In pairs, ask and answer. What are you great at? What aren't you good at?

> I'm great at spelling but I'm not good at baking!

I'm not very good at making a pizza.

Katy is great at acting.

I'm good at baking cakes.

I'm great at Maths but I'm not very good at PE!

- >> Pupil A: Activity Book, page 60.
- Pupil B: Activity Book, page 62.



There are many different ways to be polite or rude around the world! Let's look at what good manners are in different countries.



Saying 'please' and 'thank you'

All around the world, it's important to say 'please' and 'thank you'. In the UK, if a child asks 'Can I have some water?', a British parent often asks 'What's the special word?'. The child then remembers to say 'please'!

And do you know that in the UK most people say 'thank you' to the bus driver when they get off the bus?

Meeting new people

In the US, it's polite for adults to give a strong handshake when they meet someone. In Asia, the opposite is true: it's better to give a gentle handshake!



handshake

In Asia and South America, it's polite to take off your shoes when you go into a home. But be careful when you sit down. It's very rude to put your feet up and show the bottom of your feet!



Good manners with food

In India and the UK, it's polite to finish everything on your plate. In China, it's very rude to do that! If you finish everything, it means you didn't get enough food.

In the US and the UK, it's polite to eat quietly. In China, it's better to eat noisily. This shows that you are enjoying your food.



Did you know that in Japan it's rude to laugh with your mouth wide open?

- 1 Before you read Why is it important to show good manners?
- 2 \(\bigcap_0 \) Listen and read.
- 3 After you read
 - Activity Book, page 10.
- What's different from your country? What's the same?

In Argentina, it's polite to eat quietly, too.



Make a book about good manners.

- 1 In groups, brainstorm good and bad manners in your country.
- 2 Choose three things to write about.
- 3 Now make your book.
- 4 Show your book to the class.

The BOOK





In my country, you must ...

You should ...

It's polite to ...

1

- 1) \(\square \) Look at the picture. What game are they playing?
- 2 Listen. Can you find Jameela in the picture?
- Listen, read and check.











Who's that girl over there?

Which one?

The one with straight, brown hair.

Oh, that's Jameela. She's in my class. She's new.



Who's that girl over there? What's she like? She's very ... She's really ... She seems very ...

What's she like?

She's very friendly. She seems very confident. She's really good at football. She's on the school team already! Come and meet her!

In pairs, describe someone in the picture or someone in your school.

Pronunciation.

5 Listen and say the tongue twister.

My sister is untidy.
Her bedroom is a mess!
She says that I'm unfriendly
When I don't help her find her dress.







Reading

Before you read What kind of text is it?

a fact file a magazine article a report a blog

2 🕼 Listen and read.





Chief Inspector Fleming's report

Yesterday evening, there was a dinner party at Mrs Sillitoe's house. The famous Sillitoe Diamond was in a glass box. The diamond was a present from the King to Mrs Sillitoe's grandfather. This morning, the box and the diamond weren't there.

These people were at the dinner party:

- Mrs Frederica Sillitoe, 47, doctor, hard-working.
- Mr Paul Waters, 43, vet, kind and quiet.
- Miss Marina Allen, 25, actress, confident.
- Mr John Allen, 19, Science student, very shy. Marina Allen's brother.

More information about the suspects:

- Miss Allen is an actress, but she's working as a trapeze artist in a circus, not in a theatre.
- Mr Waters hasn't got any money.
 His wife is ill, and he needs to pay for an expensive operation.
- Mrs Sillitoe needs money, too. Her husband lost all the family's money last year.
- Mr Allen's teacher says he is the most hard-working student in his class. Mr Allen does experiments with a new type of magnet.

Conclusion: They all did it together.

Mrs Sillitoe watched the door.

Miss Allen used Mr Allen's special
magnet to get the glass box. Mr

Waters went to London with the
diamond.

3 After you read Correct the sentences.

- 1 Chief Inspector Fleming was at the dinner party.
- 2 Miss Allen is a vet and Mr Waters is a chef.
- 3 Mr Allen is an Art student.
- **4** Mrs Sillitoe has got a lot of money.
- **5** Mrs Sillitoe used Mr Allen's special magnet to take the diamond.



Listening

1 Listen. Who are the thieves?





Speaking

Talk about someone in your family.

Uncle Rakan is my favourite uncle. He's very kind ...





Writing

Read. What doesn't Laith's granny like?

My Granny

by Laith from Jordan

My granny is my favourite relative. Her name is Nawal. She's 72 years old. She's got short, grey hair and brown eyes.

My granny is very kind and hardworking. She likes reading and she loves watching TV. She likes cooking, too, but she doesn't like watching cooking shows on TV! She always makes me delicious Mansaf because she's great at making Mansaf.

She loves Jordanian history films. I like talking about Jordanian films with my granny.

Write about someone important in your life.

Plan .

- Who are you writing about?
- What does he/she look like?
- What is he/she like?
- What does he/she like doing?
- 2 Write 🖑
 - Write your description.
- 3 Check your work √
 - Linking words?
- tip Writing

Use these words to link ideas: and, or, but, so, because. Look back at Activity 3. Which linking words can you find?

Activity Book, page 13.

Write the word. There is one word you don't need.

	count	spell	throws	doing experiments	kind
1	Science is gr	eat! I lov	ve		
2	2 Jamal is in the garden every afternoon. He a ball against the wall and plays with his cat.				
3	3 I need to see how much money I've got. I need to money.				my
4	How do you		your	name?	
			_		_

2 & D In pairs, say the sentences. Then match them to the pictures.









1	Laith is than Adnan. He always says 'thank you'. (polite)	
2	My friend is than I am! She always puts away her clothes, but I don't! (tidy)	
3	My toy is broken! But I'm fixing toys! (good at)	
4	That boy is the boy in the school! (kind)	

Challenge

Challenge your classmates and play the game!

Work in two teams. Look back through the unit to find the answers to these questions.

- 1 Find a sandcastle. (1 point)
- 2 What is Millie good at? (1 point)
- 3 Who stole the Sillitoe Diamond? (1 point)

Now think of three more questions to ask the other team.

Get ready for...

A1 Movers Listening Part 1



Fred Clare Daisy Lily Jack Jim Lucy

a graph of the sequence o

A1 Movers Speaking Part 1

2 Find the differences between the two pictures. Say what they are.



Boys' names: Fred, Jack, Jim

Girls' names: Clare, Daisy, Lily, Lucy

Max

In picture A, Max has a yellow T-shirt. In picture B, he has a red T-shirt.

tip Exam

Look carefully at the pictures before you answer. There are nine differences.



Then and now

Technology: computer, email, smartwatch, keyboard, letter, carry, mouse, telephone, call, tablet, mobile phone, study

Verbs: post a letter, hold a pen, send an email, win a race, make a face, make a sandwich, tell a story, tie a shoelace

Pronunciation: inform, information, describe, description

10 W How many things can you find that use electricity?















computer

keyboard

mouse

tablet









email

letter

telephone

mobile phone









smartwatch

carry

call

study

- Sook for the words from Activity 2 in the picture on page 20. Write the missing word.
- What is it? Listen and point to the picture in Activity 2.



🧘 💭 Describe a word to your partner.



I've got this thing at home. I do homework on it. My mum works on it.

Yes!

A computer?





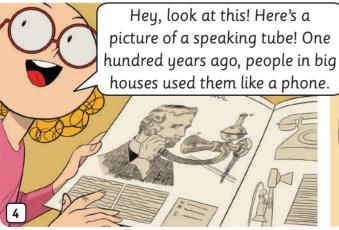
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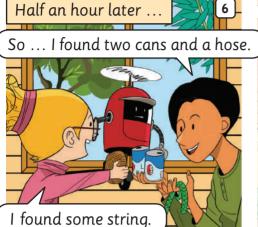
2 🔐 Listen and read.

The secret phone

















What does Millie say? Go to page 66 to find out. CLI



- After you read Match the sentence halves.
 - 1 Hamed's project is about
 - 2 Ten years ago, people sent
 - 3 100 years ago, people in big houses
 - 4 Millie has an idea
 - **5** The children make a speaking tube

- a used speaking tubes to talk to each other.
- **b** how things were different ten years ago.
- **c** for a secret Discovery Team code.
- d to go between their two houses.
- e emails and letters.
- 🕟 👫 Act out the story.
- 🜀 🌟 Make sentences in Discovery Team code about what you did (I played football! last weekend.

Iay layedpay ootballfay!

$oldsymbol{0}$ Look back! Tick ($oldsymbol{\checkmark}$) the sentence in this pictu

- 1 Now everyone has mobile phones.
- 2 Mum and Dad didn't have a tablet, but they had a computer.
- **3** 100 years ago, people in big houses used them like a phone.



2 (24) Listen and repeat.

Was everything very different ten years ago?

That computer was really big!

Did you have a phone ten years ago?

Yes, we did! We had a phone in the house, but we didn't have a mobile phone.



Last month / weekend ...
A long time ago / Two days
ago / Ten years ago ...



Regular verbs:

 $play \rightarrow played, try \rightarrow tried$

Irregular verbs:

have \rightarrow had, find \rightarrow found

More verbs in Activity Book page 64.

3 Put the pictures in the correct order. Then listen and check.











Retell Ali's story. Write the past tense of the verbs in brackets.

Thirty years ago, when he (1)was (be) a child, Ali's dad					
(2) (go) on holiday to Aqaba with his family.					
He (3)	(go) to the beach.	He (4)	(play)		
with his sister and they (5) (eat) ice creams. Then he					
(6)	(go) swimming. He (7)	_ (not/go)		
swimming near the lifeguards. Suddenly he (8) (start)					
moving out to sea. He (9) (be) a long way out when the					
lifeguards (10)	(come) to	get him on t	heir surfboards.		

- Tell your partner about a story from your childhood. Include one piece of crazy information.
 - What happened?
- Where were you?
- Who was with you?



Listen, point and repeat.



post a letter



send an email



make a face



tell a story



hold a pen



win a race

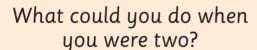


make a sandwich



tie a shoelace



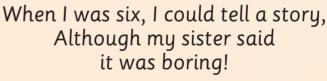


When I was two, I could hold a big pen, But I couldn't write the number ten.

What could you do when you were four?

When I was four, I could make a face, But I really couldn't tie a shoelace!

What could you do when you were six?



What could you do when you were eight?

When I was eight, I could post a letter.

But I thought sending an email was better!

(210) Listen and repeat.

When I was one, I could walk but I couldn't talk.

Could you talk when you were two?

Yes, I could. / No, I couldn't.

- 🦺 💭 In pairs, ask and answer. What could you do when you were five? What couldn't you do?
- >> Pupil A: Activity Book, page 60. >> Pupil B: Activity Book, page 62.



World museums



Shanghai Museum of Science and

Technology

I like science and technology, so I love this museum in Shanghai, in China. You can explore technology from today, and also learn about Chinese inventions from hundreds of years ago. There are lots of activities for children. I did a science workshop and learned all about robot design. I also watched a film about space exploration. It was fantastic!

Last year,
I visited some
amazing museums.
I love learning about
the past, and in these
museums I learned
a lot of different
things.





I went to Amman,
Jordan, and I visited the Jordan
Museum. It's a museum where
you can see ancient objects from
Jordan's past. I saw some very
famous statues there. They are
some of the oldest statues ever
made: they're around 9,000
years old! They were amazing.



Did you know that the Jordan Museum is the biggest museum in Jordan?

- 1) Before you read What are your favourite museums?
- 🔼 ŵ Listen and read. 🖁
- After you read
 - >> Activity Book, page 22.
- Which museum do you want to visit? Why?

I want to visit ... because ...



Natural History Museum

I visited this museum in London, England, on holiday. Here I saw a T-Rex and a blue whale, and I learned about plants and volcanoes! Do you know what an earthquake is? It's when the earth shakes! At the Natural History Museum, I went into a room and the floor started shaking like an earthquake! It was so exciting!



Project

Write a guide to a museum.

- 1 In groups, choose a museum in your country.
- 2 Find information about your museum:
- What can you see there?
- What can you do there?
- **3** Write about your museum.
- Tell the class about your museum. Act as tour guides.
- 5 Have a class vote: which museum do you want to visit?

THE CHILDREN'S MUSEUM

The Children's Museum is in Amman, in Jordan. You can see ... You can learn about ...





Asking for information

Circle the things you can see in a natural history museum. Underline the things you can see in a science museum.

robots dinosaurs planes plants butterflies

Listen. Which museum does Abbas want to visit?





Hello. I'd like some information about the Science Museum, please.

What can you see and do there?

It sounds great! What time does it open and close?

Yes, of course. What do you want to know?

You can learn about space rockets, planes, computers and many other things!

It's open every day from 10 am until 6 pm.

You're welcome! Enjoy your visit!

OK. Thank you very much!

I'd like some information about \ldots , please.

What can you see and do there?

You can learn about ...

What time does it open and close?

It's open every day from 10 am until 6 pm.

In pairs, ask for and give information about a different museum.

Pronunciation





I'd like to inform you that there's a lot of information in the museum.

I can describe the dinosaur.
I'll write a good description.







Reading

- 1 Before you read Look at the title. What do you already know about cardboard?
- 2 (2.18) Listen and read.



< → C쇼I

Mustafa's science blog

cardboard

How cardboard is like a bridge

- 1 Hello, everyone! Today, I visited a museum and found out a lot of amazing information about cardboard!
- 2 In 1879, a Scottish engineer called Robert Gair invented the cardboard box. In 1906, a cereal company started using very thin cardboard boxes for its cereal.
- 3 Today, we use cardboard boxes for many different things because cardboard is so strong.

- 4 Do you know why cardboard is so strong? Inside each piece of cardboard, there are a lot of triangles. Triangles are really strong: they can carry a lot.
- 5 I learned that there are triangle shapes everywhere: in bridges, in houses, on bikes and even on kites!







- After you read Write the paragraph number for each heading.
 - a Triangles everywhere
 - **b** Introduction
 - c Why cardboard is strong
 - d History of cardboard
 - e Cardboard today





Listening

1) Sisten and match.
What place did each child go to?







Salwa

A Science Museum

C Car Museum

B zoo

D funfair

Speaking

2 Talk about a visit to a museum.

Where did you go?

What did you see there?

I went to ...

I saw ... It was ...

Writing

Read the report. Where did Kamal go?

Report: My visit to the Jordanian National Museum of Fine Arts

On 20 September, I visited the Jordanian National Museum of Fine Arts in Amman with my family. The Jordanian Museum of Fine Arts is one of the biggest art museums in Jordan. It's a museum of art from Jordan and other countries, too. It's special because there are three buildings and you can see art in the gardens, too. It's beautiful. We walked around the building. Then we went inside and looked at the art. You could see many different types of art, but my favourite thing was a painting by Abd Masoud. I learned a lot about Jordanian and world art when I was there.

Write a report about your visit to a museum or another interesting place.

Plan .

- Where did you go?
- What's special about it?
- What could you do there?
- What did you learn?

2 Write 4

On ..., I visited ...

The museum/place is \dots

It's special because ...

You could see ...

I learned ...

3 Check your work √

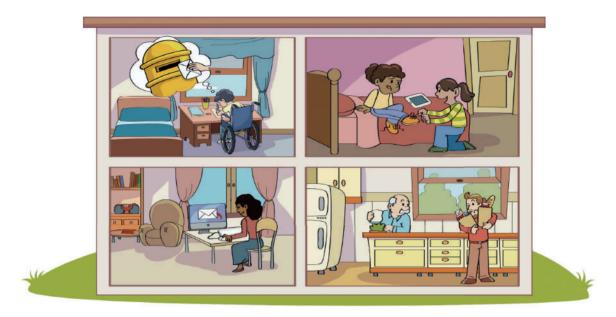
- Started with a date?
- Used paragraphs?

tip Writing

With a report about a visit, you are giving information to your reader. Start with the date of the visit. Then organise your work into paragraphs.

Activity Book, page 25.

Look at the picture and answer the questions in your notebook.



- **1** Find eight words from this unit.
- **2** Who is holding something? What is it?
- **3** Who is carrying something? What is it?
- **4** Who is thinking about posting a letter?

- 5 Who is sending an email?
- **6** Who is learning something new?
- 7 Who is making a face?
- 8 Who is making a sandwich?

What couldn't you do when you were five that you can do now?

Challenge

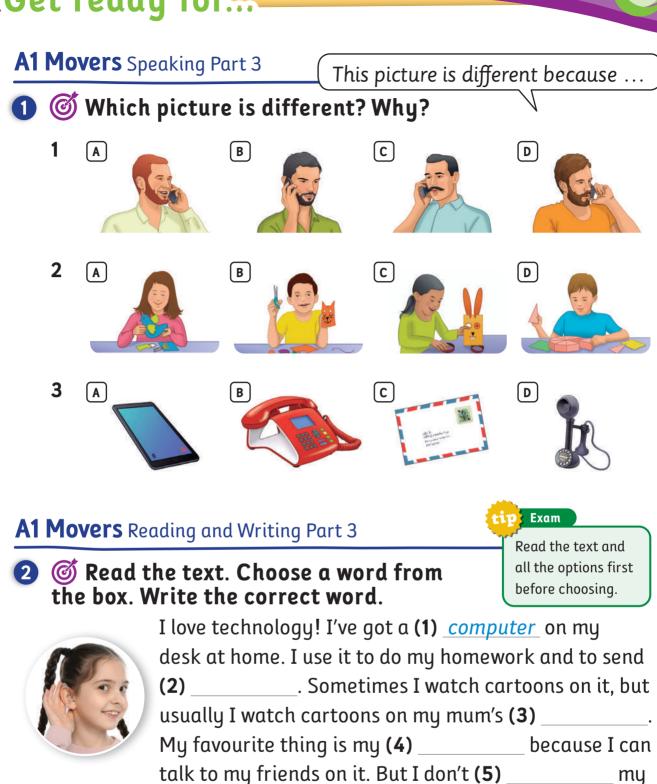
Challenge your classmates and play the game!

Work in two teams. Look back through the unit to find the answers to these questions.

- 1 Find a beard. (1 point)
- 2 What can you see at the Jordan Museum? (1 point)
- 3 Who invented the cardboard box? (1 point)

Now think of three more questions to ask the other team.

Get ready for...







friends at night.







mobile phone computer

tablet

call

emails



Language booster 1

- 🚺 Ö How many hobbies can you say?
- Read and say. Then listen and order.















make a pizza

bake a cake

do an experiment

build a robot

make a rocket

visit a museum

Listen and tick (✓) or cross (X). What do the children decide to do?



(4) & C Read and circle. Then listen and practise with a partner.



What shall / can we do today?

How about visiting a museum / library?

No, I don't visit / like museums.

What about baking / eating a cake?

That's a bad / great idea! I love baking.

All right. Don't / Let's bake a cake then!

5	Read and circle.					
	 1 How about a play board games? b playing board games? 2 What about a watching a film? b watch a film? 	 3 Shall we a visiting my granny? b visit my granny? 4 Let's a juggle! b juggling! 				
6	6 Write the words to complete the dialogue.					
	Let's building	making that's How				
	What shall we do today?	What about 1 making a pizza?				
	No, I'm not hungry.	² about ³ a robot?				
•	Yes, ⁴ a great idea. I love robots.	All right. ⁵ build a robot.				
7 Language Think. Make suggestions with a partner.						
4	(What about?) (How	about?				
	No, I don't like No, 1	I'm not good at What about building a robot? How about doing				
	Yes, I love Yes,	great idea! an experiment?				





Are all the planets rocky?

surface

Think

What do you know about planets?



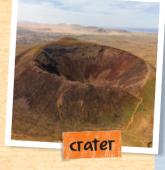
2 Listen and read.

Are all the planets rocky?

Not all of the eight planets in our solar system are **rocky**. Only four planets are made of rocks. They are the planets nearest to the Sun: Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars. These four planets have got a hard, rocky **surface**, and their **core** is mostly made of **metal**. Space scientists know there are volcanoes, valleys and **craters** on the surface of the rocky planets. They also know that Mars has a very high mountain. Scientists found out that there is another rocky planet outside our solar system. They saw it with a strong telescope in space. Perhaps there are more rocky planets in other solar systems, too.

And what's the Moon like? The Moon is rocky, but it isn't a planet. This is because the Moon doesn't go around the Sun;

the Moon goes around the Earth.



соте



TOCK



check

Match the questions with the answers.

- 1 Are all the planets in our solar system rocky?
- **2** What's the surface of the rocky planets like?
- 3 What's made of metal?
- **4** What do space scientists know?
- 5 What's the Moon like?

- a The core of the rocky planets.
- **b** There's another rocky planet outside our solar system.
- c It's rocky but it isn't a planet.
- **d** No, only Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars.
- e It's hard with volcanoes, valleys and craters.

Let's practise!

Read and look at the fact file about the other four planets in our solar system.

JUPITER SATURN URANUS NEPTUNE

Names of planets: Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune

Also called: Gas giants

(Uranus and Neptune sometimes called 'Ice giants')

Made of: gas and ice

Surface: not hard

Core: mostly small and rocky

Compare with rocky planets: bigger, further from the Sun, take longer to go round the Sun

- What do you know about the four planets in the fact file? Read and answer.
 - 1 What are the names of the four planets?
 - 2 Why are they called 'Ice giants'?
 - 3 What is the surface of the planets like?
 - 4 What is the core of the planets like?
 - 5 Which planets are bigger, the rocky planets or the ice and gas giants?

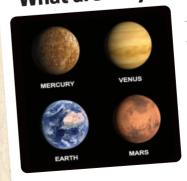


Show what you know



- 1 Work in a group. Brainstorm words about the rocky planets from this unit.
- 2 Write three questions about the rocky planets and answer them.
- 3 Choose images from the Internet to print and stick in your fact file.
- **4** Show your fact file to another group.

The rocky planets What are the rocky planets? What are they like?





Let's explore!

Space: Sun, star, rocket, Moon, solar system, space station, Earth, telescope, spacesuit, planet, comet, satellite

Big numbers: a hundred, five hundred, a thousand, five thousand, ten thousand, fifty thousand, a hundred thousand, a million

Pronunciation: planet, spacesuit, rocket, satellite, astronaut, telescope, scientist, explorer





2 (31) Listen, point and repeat.











Sun

Moon

Earth

planet









star

solar system

telescope

comet









rocket

space station

spacesuit

satellite

- \bigcirc Look for the words from Activity 2 in the picture on page 36. Write the missing word.
- Write the words in the table in your notebook. How many words can go into each group?

Things that go round the Earth	Things that go round the Sun	Things that people make

🏮 🦺 💭 Play a guessing game.

It flies very quickly. It's got a tail.







The science fai

2 😱 Listen and read.





Hi, Bo! We're making a model of the solar system for the Science Fair! Here are the planets. We need to show how far they are from the Sun. Look, here's the Earth.

How far is the Moon from the Earth? A thousand kilometres?

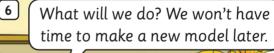
> A lot further! About 380,000 kilometres!





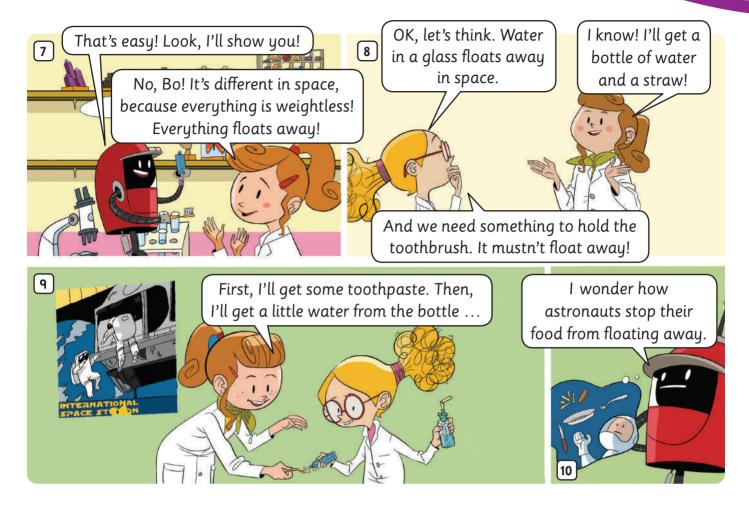








I know! We'll do the other challenge! I wonder how astronauts brush their teeth.

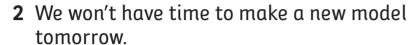


- How do astronauts stop their food from floating away? Go to page 66.
 CLIL
- After you read Correct the false sentences.
 - 1 There are three challenges for the Science Fair.

 There are two challenges for the Science Fair.
 - **2** The children are making a model of the Moon.
 - 3 The Moon is about a thousand kilometres from the Earth.
 - **4** Brushing your teeth in space is the same as brushing your teeth on Earth.
 - **5** The children use a bottle of water to stop the toothbrush from floating away.
 - 6 The children don't work hard for the Science Fair.
- 6 Act out the story.
- In space, how do you sleep? Design a bed for an astronaut and share.

1	$ ot \!$	in this
	picture.	

1 I'll show you!



3 OK, we'll finish the model later.



2 (3.3) Listen and repeat.

It's Husam's graduation tomorrow. I'll get him a present later.

What will you get him? What about a book on space?

No, I won't get him a book. I think I'll get him a game.



I'll = I will I won't = I will not

Time words

soon, later, tomorrow, this afternoon, this evening

3 😘 Listen and say the correct picture.



In groups, plan a surprise space party for your friend! What will you do? What won't you do?

I'll bake a rocket cake!

I won't buy the drinks, but I will buy a card.

🕟 👫 💭 Tell another group about your plan.

Vocabulary and Grammar



Listen, point and repeat.



1

100

a hundred

[2] **500**

five hundred

3 1,000

a thousand

5,000

five thousand

5 10,000

[6] 50,000 [7] 100,000 [8] 1,000,000

ten thousand

fifty thousand

a hundred thousand

a million



Listen and sing.

Do you love big numbers? Yes, I do! Big numbers are fun for me and you!

How tall is your dad? He's one hundred and eighty centimetres tall!

How high is the Eiffel Tower? It's three hundred metres high! How deep is the Grand Canyon? It's one thousand eight hundred metres deep!

How long is the River Nile? It's six thousand, six hundred and seventy kilometres long!

How far is the Moon from the Earth? Three hundred and eighty-four thousand, four hundred kilometres!

Do you love big numbers? Yes, I do! Big numbers are fun for me and you!

Listen and repeat.



Listen and repeat.



How deep is the Grand Canyon?

It's 1,800 metres deep.

250 795 1,000 7,650 2.400 20,000 100,000 500,000 700,500 1.000.0000

- 🚵 💭 Say a number. Your partner points to the number.
- >> Pupil A: Activity Book, page 61. Pupil B: Activity Book, page 63.

Lesson 9

CULTURE

THE MYSTERY OF

STORE CIRCLES

A stone circle is a circle of standing stones. People built stone circles thousands of years ago. Some circles are over 6,000 years old! You can find stone circles all over the world.



This is Castlerigg stone circle, in the north of England. It is over 5,000 years old!

Stonehenge is the most famous stone circle in the UK. It is also one of the biggest stone circles. Some of the stones came from Wales, 240 kilometres away. How did people carry the stones so far? Why didn't they use stones from the hills where they lived? No one knows for sure!

Why did people build stone circles? We don't really know, but there are a lot of different ideas!

Many people believe that the circles were meeting places, where

people celebrated important days. Other people think the circles were ancient markets. On the longest day of the year, the light of the Sun falls in a certain place on many stone circles. Perhaps the stone circles were ancient calendars to measure the longest and shortest days of the year, or maybe they were places to watch the Sun, Moon and stars, before people had telescopes. Some people even believe the circles came from space! What do you think?



Did you know there are over 1,300 stone circles in the UK?

1 Before you read Where can you see stone circles?

2 🕠 Listen and read.

After you read

>> Activity Book, page 36.

Are there any stone circles or other ancient places in your country?

Al-Khazneh is a famous building at Petra.

Project

Make a class book about ancient places in your country.

- 1 Work in groups. Choose an ancient place that is over 2,000 years old.
- 2 Find or draw pictures of this place.
- 3 Write about the place.
- What's the name of the place?
- How old is it?
- 4 Present your place to the class.
- 5 Make a class book.



Lesson 10

English in action

Giving personal information





Listen, read and check.





Hello! I'm Mariam. I'm interested in joining the Space Explorers Club.

Mariam Rahhal.

R-A-H-H-A-L.

23/2/13 - that's the 23rd February, 2013.

1287 445006



Hi, Mariam! I'm Laila. OK, what's your name?

How do you spell your last name?

Thanks. What's your date of birth?

OK. What's your home phone number?

Thanks. Welcome to the club!

🛂 🔎 Choose a club to join!

Gardening Club Maths Club Science Club **Gymnastics Club**



I'm interested in joining ... How do you spell your last name? What's your date of birth? What's your home phone number? 1287 445006 = one two eight seven double-four five double-oh six

Pronunciation

Listen and read. Why is part of each word coloured? Listen again and repeat.

planet

astronaut

spacesuit

telescope

rocket

scientist



satellite

explorer



Reading

- 1 Before you read What do astronauts do on the International Space Station?
- 2 (3.18) Listen and read.



LIFE ON THE INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION

The International Space Station (ISS) is a satellite. It orbits the Earth once every 90 minutes, travelling at 28,000 kilometres per hour! But it's different from a normal satellite because about ten astronauts live on it.

The astronauts on the ISS have a lot of jobs to do every day. They do

out more about space. They use special tools to fix the station, and if they need to fix something

outside, they put on their spacesuits and do a spacewalk! When they aren't working, astronauts read and take photos.

There's one more important thing for astronauts to do: exercise! People are weightless

in space, so
their muscles
don't work
hard and
can become
very weak.
Astronauts
need to
exercise for

two hours a day!



3 After you read Complete the sentences. Write one or two words.

- 1 The International Space Station is a _____ with astronauts on it.2 The astronauts _____ every day to find out more about space.
- **3** For a spacewalk they need to wear ...
- **4** _____ is very important for astronauts because their muscles get weak in space.



Listening

- 1) Ø (31) Listen and complete the sentences.
 - 1 Helen Robertson is a/an astronaut.
 - **2** Helen spent _____ days on the International Space Station.
 - **3** On the ISS, Helen's favourite hobby was _____.
 - **4** The astronauts got more food by .
 - **5** The rocket was about metres tall

Speaking

Imagine you're an astronaut on the International Space Station. What will you do every day? What won't you do?

I'll get a packet of food ...

I won't forget to exercise ...





Writing

- Read. What is the blog post about?
 - Hi, this is Astronaut Ali! My blog post today is about food. What do astronauts eat?

In space, we have three meals a day, just like on Earth. But all our food is in bags. You need to add water to some types of food. We have a lot of different types of food, but we don't have food with a lot of crumbs, like biscuits or cakes. If we drop crumbs, they float around, and that's a problem!

tip Writing

Use questions to make your writing more interesting. Can you find the question in Ali's blog post?

- Imagine you're an astronaut on the International Space Station. Write a blog post.
 - 1 Plan

Choose from these topics: food, clothes, repairs, hobbies. Find out more about these topics on the ISS!

- What do you eat/wear/do?
- How is it different from on Earth?
- 2 Write 🖑

Hi, I'm ...

My blog post today is about ...

In space, we ...

Did you know ...?

- 3 Check your work √
 - Used a question?

Activity Book, page 37.

Look at the picture. How many space words can you find?



② 🧞 Work with a partner. In turns, say the numbers.

645 1,500 2,450 10,000 50,000 35,000 246,500 1,000,000

- You're going into space! What will you take? Tell your partner.
- Circle the correct word. Match with the answers. Then ask and answer.
 - 1 How far / long / deep is the Moon from the Earth?
 - 2 How tall/high/long is the River Jordan?
 - 3 How deep/far/high is Jabal Umm Ad Dami?
- **a** It's 384,400 kilometres away!
- **b** It's 1,854 metres high!
- c It's 251 kilometres long!

Challenge

Challenge your classmates and play the game!

Work in two teams. Look back through the unit to find the answers to these questions.

- 1 How long is the River Nile? (1 point)
- 2 Find two boys with a telescope. (1 point)
- 3 Where did some of the stones in Stonehenge come from? (1 point)

Now think of three more questions to ask the other team.

Get ready for...

A1 Movers Reading and Writing Part 2

Read the text and choose the best answer.

The answers are often very

each one carefully.

similar. Make sure you read

1 Tareq: Hi, Majeda! Will you

go to Space Club this

afternoon?

Majeda: A No, I don't think I'll

go today. I've got a lot of homework.

B No, I had English

yesterday. I'm tired.

C No, I haven't got a
pen today. Can I

borrow yours?

2 Tareq: Did you make a

rocket last week at

Space Club?

Majeda: A Yes, I painted a

picture.

B Yes, but I didn't

finish it.

C Yes, I made a

comet.

3 Majeda: Oh no! I haven't got

my bag! I think I left

it on the bus!

Tareq: A I'll go to the park

and look for it.

B I'll ask if I can drive

the bus home.

C I'll go and ask the

bus driver if he's

got it.

4Tareq: Look! I talked to the

bus driver! Here's

your bag!

Majeda: A No, thanks, Tareq!

B Thank you, Tareq!

C Sorry, Tareq!

A1 Movers Speaking Part 4

2 **©** Let's talk about space. Answer the questions.

- What do you know about the solar system?
- How is life different in space?
- Would you like to be an astronaut? Why?



Off to the shops

Shops: butcher's, newsagent's, phone shop, greengrocer's, jeweller's, corner shop, fishmonger's, sports shop, shoe shop, pharmacy, gift shop, toy shop **Money and prices**: money box, save, purse, spend, wallet, buy, birthday money, sell **Pronunciation**: pay, payment, encourage, encouragement



















fishmonger's pharmacy

butcher's greengrocer's







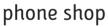
newsagent's

jeweller's

sports shop

qift shop







corner shop



shoe shop



toy shop

- $oldsymbol{3}$ Look for the words from Activity 2 in the picture on page 48. Write the missing word.
- 🗿 🦺 💭 You and your partner need to buy some things from the shops. Decide where you'll go.



















I need to buy a necklace for my sister. We'll go to the jeweller's or the gift shop!









I have to buy a present for my mum. I'll get her a new mobile phone case. There's a case which she really likes in the phone shop.



This is amazing!
What is it?

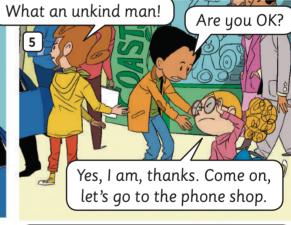
It's an escalator!
It's a machine
which carries
you upstairs and
downstairs!

How does it work?

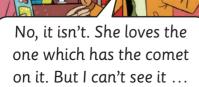
Well, an escalator is actually three simple machines! It's got a wheel and a ...







Is this the phone case which your mum likes?











- Who is the thief? Go to page 66 to find out.
- 4 After you read Number the sentences in the correct order to tell the story.

α	They go up the escalator.	
b	The children see a man stealing a phone.	
C	The children look for the thief outside the shop.	
d	Bo tries to stop the thief.	
e	A man walks into Katy.	
f	They tell the shop assistant about the thief.	

- 6 Act out the story.
- 🜀 🤽 🗰 Design your own phone case! Tell your partner about it.

CLIL

$oldsymbol{0}$ Look back! Tick ($oldsymbol{\checkmark}$) the sentence in this picture.

- **1** Isn't that the man who walked into me earlier? \Box
- 2 Is this the phone case which your mum likes?
- **3** It's a machine which carries you upstairs and downstairs.





It's the man who we saw earlier. (person)

That's the phone case which my mum wants. (thing)

We're in the shop where my brother works. (place)



Circle the correct word.

- 1 That's the girl who / which / where bought a ball from the sports shop.
- 2 This is Sharp's Shoes. It's the shop who / which / where I buy all my shoes.
- 3 Look, that's the boy who / which / where lives next door to us!
- 4 Amer likes magazines who / which / where are about space.
- **5** Can you see that house? That's the house who / which / where my dad lived as a child.

In pairs, describe a person, place or thing. Your partner quesses.

It's a shop where you can buy medicine.











🕦 🚯 Listen, point and repeat.



money box

save

[5]



purse



wallet



birthday money



spend

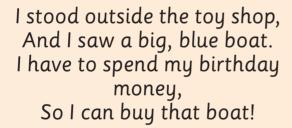


buy



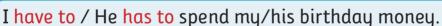
sell



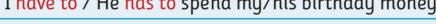


I don't have to buy it now,
I can save money every day.
But I have to spend my birthday
money,
So I can buy that boat!





I don't have to / He doesn't have to buy it now.



Do you have to buy that boat? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

Does he have to buy that boat? Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.



🙆 🧘 💭 In pairs, ask and answer.

What do you have to do at home?

I have to tidy my room!

I don't have to tidy my room, but I have to help my mum.

Pupil A: Activity Book, page 61. P Pupil B: Activity Book, page 63.



The world of the Corner Shop

Which shop will you go to when you need something quickly, or when you want to spend your money? Do you have to go to a supermarket or a shopping centre? Or will you go to a corner shop, where it's quick and easy to get what you need?



ost corner shops sell sweets, food, drinks, newspapers and magazines. In the UK, corner shops also sell stamps, cleaning products and stationery, such as pens and greetings cards.

In Australia, a traditional corner shop is called a *milk bar*. In New Zealand, it's called a *dairy*. In the past, milk bars and dairies sold a lot of milk and ice cream, and some were also cafés where you could eat and drink. Now they usually sell a lot of different foods and drinks, as well as milk and ice cream.

n North America, there are many different names for corner shops! In New York, a corner shop is often called a *bodega*. In other parts of the USA, it's a *convenience store*.

There are many names for corner shops, but one thing is the same: we all buy things from them!



Did you know that South Korea has more convenience stores for each person than any other country in the world?

- 1 Before you read What do you buy from corner shops?
- 2 🕯 Listen and read.
- 3 After you read
 - >> Activity Book, page 48
- In pairs, ask and answer.
- What does your corner shop sell?
- What do you like buying there?

Project

Make a TV advert for a corner shop!

- 1 Work in groups.
- Choose a name for your shop.
- Decide what you sell in the shop.
 - Choose three things to say about your shop.
- 2 Plan and practise your TV advert.
- 3 Present your advert to the class.



- What can you find in a gift shop?
- 2 😘 Listen. How much is the present which Laith buys?
- Listen, read and check.

Hi, can I look at a necklace which is in the window, please?

The one which has got the blue

Sure Which necklace would you like?

Here it is.

It's fifteen dinars and fifty piastres.

How about the necklace which has a flower on it? That's twelve ninety-nine.

My pleasure!

star on it.

How much is it?

Oh, I haven't got enough money. I've only got thirteen dinars.

OK, that's a good idea. I'll have that one, please. Thank you!

Go shopping for presents for your family.

Can I look at a necklace which is in the window, please? How much is it?

It's fifteen dinars and fifty piastres. / It's fifteen fifty. I'll have that one, please.

Thank you!

My pleasure!

Pronunciation

Listen and read. What do you notice about the coloured words?



I'll pay for the necklace. I have coins for the payment.

> I'll encourage my friends to walk to the sports shop. They need encouragement to walk!









Reading

- 1) Before you read What kind of text is it?
- 2 (4.15) Listen and read.





• • •

Hi Ibrahim!

Guess what? On Saturday I saw a store detective catch some thieves! In the sports shop near us, there were some trainers which I really wanted. For months, I saved money. Finally, on Saturday Dad and I went to buy them.

Dad and I were waiting for the shop assistant when a man and a woman came into the shop. We saw them put some expensive trainers into their bags before the shop assistant came out of the storeroom with the trainers for me. They were thieves!

I didn't know what to do. Then I noticed the woman nearby. She took out her purse, which had a lot of money in it. She opened her purse and counted the money loudly. The thieves watched her. Then she dropped her purse! As she walked away, she kicked it into the storeroom.

The thieves went straight into the storeroom to get the purse. Then the woman suddenly came back, quickly shut the storeroom door and shouted for help. It turned out the woman was a store detective! The police came and took the thieves away! Can you imagine?

From,

Tareq

- 3 After you read Tick (\checkmark) the best summary.
 - Tareq saved money to buy some trainers. In the sports shop he saw thieves stealing expensive trainers. The store detective caught the thieves. The police came and took the thieves away.
 - **b** Tareq saved money to buy some trainers. In the sports shop he saw thieves stealing expensive trainers. The police came and took the thieves away.

tip Reading

A summary should mention all the important points in the story. Which summary does that?



Listening

1 Ø 😘 Listen and write.

Shopping in Westport

Main shopping street: High Street

- 1 Indoor market has cafés, a greengrocer's, a
- 2 The shopping centre is called the Centre.
- 3 For medicine: go to the in the shopping centre.

Speaking

Ask and answer where they like to go shopping.

Where do you like to go shopping?

I like to go shopping in the sports shop and the gift shop.





Writing

Read. What does Mariam like to buy from the greengrocer's?

Hi Nour.

You asked for some advice about good places to shop in my city.

On Rainbow Street there are a lot of great shops and there's also a market where you can buy delicious food.

There's a fishmonger's, a butcher's and a greengrocer's at the market. I love the apples and pears from the greengrocer's!

There's a big shopping centre where you can buy clothes and presents. There are gift shops, a jeweller's, shoe shops and a big toy shop which is called Happy Toys. My favourite shop is the toy shop, of course!

From Mariam

Write an email to a friend suggesting some shops to visit where you live.

Plan .

- Which shops should he/she visit?
- Are the shops at a shopping centre, at a market or on a street?
- What special things can he/she buy there?

2 Write 🖑

You asked for some advice about ...

At the market ...

At the shopping centre ... I love ...

3 Check your work √

• Used an apostrophe correctly?

tip Writing

We use an apostrophe after some shop names. That's because the greengrocer's is short for the greengrocer's shop = shop of the greengrocer. Sort the words. Write the words in your notebook.

jeweller's pharmacy sports shop newsagent's butcher's corner shop fishmonger's gift shop

Shops where you can buy food	Shops where you can buy jewellery	Shops where you can buy medicine	Shops where you can buy something to wear

Muneer, Rana, Aisha and Ramzi have to buy and sell some things. Describe what they have to and don't have to do. Your partner guesses.

	Muneer	Rana	Aisha	Ramzi
sell a bike	~	X	~	X
spend birthday money	×	✓	×	~
buy a new wallet	~	X	X	~
buy a new money box	×	✓	~	×

He has to sell a bike. He doesn't have to spend his birthday money.



Challenge

Challenge your classmates and play the game!

Work in two teams. Look back through the unit to find the answers to these questions.

- 1 Find a person who is holding a credit card. (1 point)
- 2 Find the name for a corner shop in New Zealand. (1 point)
- 3 Say 14.53 JD in two different ways. (1 point)

Now think of three more questions to ask the other team.



Get ready for...

A1 Movers Reading and Writing Part 1

🕦 🦺 🎯 Look and read. Choose the correct words and tell your partner.

Remember: you won't need all the pictures! But check each picture carefully to make sure you've got the right one.



- 1 This is a place where you can buy presents for your family and friends.
- Number 1. Gift shop.
- 2 This is something which people use to carry their money.
- 3 This is something which you can save your money in.
- 4 This is a small shop on the street where you can buy a lot of different things.
- 5 You do this when you take your money to a shop and buy something with it.

A1 Movers Speaking Part 4

- How often do you go shopping?
- Who do you go shopping with?
- What shops do you like to qo to?
- What kinds of things do you buy?



Language booster 2

🕦 👸 How many animals can you say? Which of them can ...

run

swim

jump

fly

climb



Read and say. Listen and number.















horse

turtle

monkey

parrot

kangaroo

rabbit

3 C Listen and match.



talk









3



jump



swim

horse

parrot

5



hop

6



climb

rabbit

turtle

Read and write True or False. Listen and check your answers. 1 A turtle swims more quickly than a dolphin. False 2 A rabbit hops more easily than a panda. **3** A parrot talks more quietly than a frog. Think of animals you know. Make true sentences. A rabbit hops more easily than a horse. A parrot flies more quickly than a bee. A seahorse swims more slowly than a dolphin. $oldsymbol{6}$ Read the sentences. Tick (\checkmark) the correct animal. Which animal is the quickest? Which animal is the quietest? Talk in pairs. Which animal do you like best? I like the parrot best. Whu? The shark is the quickest. Because it's beautiful. I like the lion best. Show what you know Well done Can you name animals and say what they can do? Can you compare what different animals can do?

Can you talk about the animal you like best?

spinach



Science How can plants keep us healthy?



What do you know about keeping healthy?



2 (LC2

Listen and read.



source of vitamins and minerals

How can plants keep us healthy?

Plants are important because they are a **source** of food. All fruit and vegetables come from plants and eating fruit and vegetables keeps us healthy. For example, beans and peas have got **proteins** in them.

We need proteins to help our bodies grow and get better when we're hurt. When we eat oranges and apples or make them into a fruit drink, we get a lot of **vitamins** and **minerals** from them. There are also vitamins and minerals in green vegetables, for example, in **spinach**. We need vitamins and minerals to keep our bodies and teeth strong.

source of proteins

To keep fit and healthy, we need to eat some **carbohydrates**, too. Carbohydrates give us energy. Potatoes are a source of carbohydrates, but we can also find them in pasta and bread. That's because pasta and bread come from **wheat** and wheat is a plant. When we eat fruit and vegetables every day, our bodies get some proteins, vitamins, minerals and carbohydrates.

So eating food from plants keeps us healthy!



source of carbohydrates



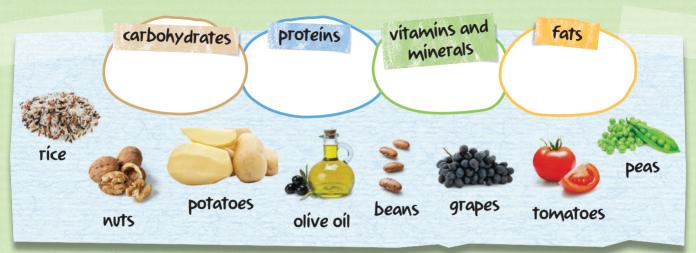
check

Write words from the text.

- 1 These keep our bodies and our teeth strong.
- 2 These give us energy.
- 3 This is a plant we can make into bread and pasta.
- **4** These help our bodies to grow and get better when we're hurt.
- 5 This vegetable gives us vitamins and minerals.

Let's practise!

Look at these four groups of food. Think! Write the two words that go into the 'fats' group.



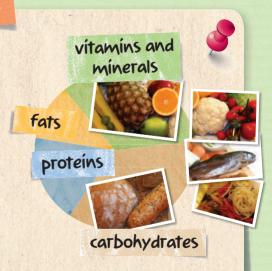
Read and check. Were you right?

Foods that are fats keep us warm. Some plants are a source of fats. Olive oil and some nuts are fats but to keep healthy, we shouldn't eat a lot of fat.

Show what you know

Make a healthy food plate with four types of food.

- 1 Brainstorm healthy foods for each part of the plate.
- 2 Draw a plate, or use a paper one, with the four food groups. Colour and label them.
- 3 Find pictures of two foods for each part of the plate.
- 4 Circle the foods that come from plants.
- **5** Compare your plate with three friends. Say why your plates are healthy.



My name's Diya! Harvest Festival is one of my favourite festivals!

Harvest Festival

1 Find Listen and read.



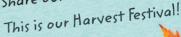
September in India. Now we celebrate it in Jordan. At Harvest Festival, we celebrate because the harvest is finished and we are grateful that we have food on our tables. Everyone usually brings some food to school: it can be food from your garden or it can be food from a shop. In our garden we have an apple tree, so I usually bring a big bag of apples to school. Other people bring tins of food. Then we share the food with people in our community.







Harvest our food from the fields. Bring our food to our tables. Share our food with others.







The full moon at Harvest Festival time is called a Harvest Moon!



- 1 When is Harvest Festival?
- 2 Why does Diya's school celebrate Harvest Festival?
- **3** What do children bring to school?
- **4** What do they do with the food?
- Oo you celebrate a harvest? What do you do?





- 1 In groups, plan what to put in your Harvest Festival basket.
- **2** Find a box or basket and decorate it.
- **3** Bring fruits, vegetables and other food to school. If you can't bring real food, find photos.
- **4** Share the food with your classmates!

Hello, I'm Farid! I think World Water Day is really important!

World Water Day

Listen and read.

n World Water Day, we think about water and how important it is. In Jordan, most people have clean running water, but millions of people all over the world don't have any. At our school, we raise money on World Water Day to help more people get clean water.

This year, we made posters about how you can save water, and put them around the school. Then we all dressed up in blue. We had a cake sale. We sold cakes with blue decorations. We sold water bottles that you can use again and again. In one day, we raised over 200 dinars! We sent the money to a charity that helps people get clean water.



2	Fin	ish	the	sente	nces

1 World Water Day is on

2 Many people in the world don't have ____

3 At Farid's school on World Water Day, they raise money to

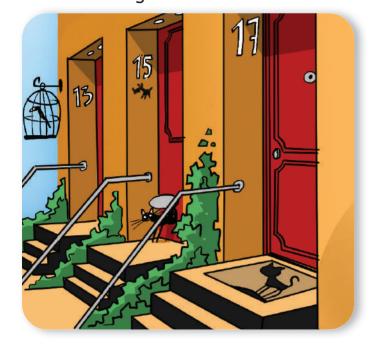
- 4 They sold blue cakes and
- **5** They raised ______.
- What can you do on World Water Day?

4 Make a whiteboard presentation about saving water.

- 1 In groups, think of three ways you can save water.
- 2 Draw and write about them.
- 3 Present your ideas to the class.



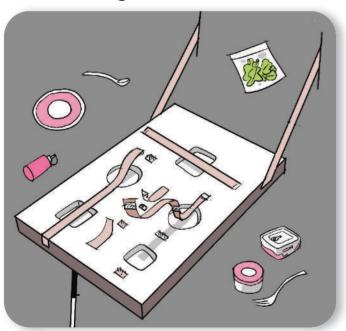
Unit 1 Pages 10–11



Unit 2 Pages 22–23



Unit 3 Pages 38–39



Unit 4 Pages 50–51



Grammar reference

Unit 1

My mum is shorter than me.

She's the shortest person in our family!

I'm **more** hard-working than my best friend.

I'm the **most** hard-working person in the class!

I'm good at baking cakes.

I'm not very good at making pizza.

Katie is great at acting.

Harry's terrible at juggling!

Unit 2

Was everything very different ten years ago?

That computer was really big!

Did you have a phone ten years ago?

Yes, we did! We had a phone in the house, but we didn't have a mobile phone.

When I was one, I could walk but I couldn't talk.

Could you talk when you were two?

Yes, I could. / No, I couldn't.

Unit 3

It's Jack's graduation tomorrow. I'll get him a present later.

What will you get him? What about a book on space?

No, I won't get him a book. I think I'll get him a game.

How deep is the Grand Canyon?

It's 1,800 metres deep.

Unit 4

It's the man who we saw earlier. (person)

That's the phone case which my mum wants. (thing)

We're in the shop where my brother works. (place)

I have to / He has to save some money!

I don't have to / He doesn't have to buy it now.

Do you have to buy that boat? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

Does he have to buy that boat? Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.

Brogresspath

ightharpoonup In pairs, read and answer. Then tick (\checkmark).

Welcome

Describe your friend.

He's / She's got ...

Unit 1

Say three things you're good at.

Unit 1

Use adjectives to describe yourself.

Unit 3

What number is this?

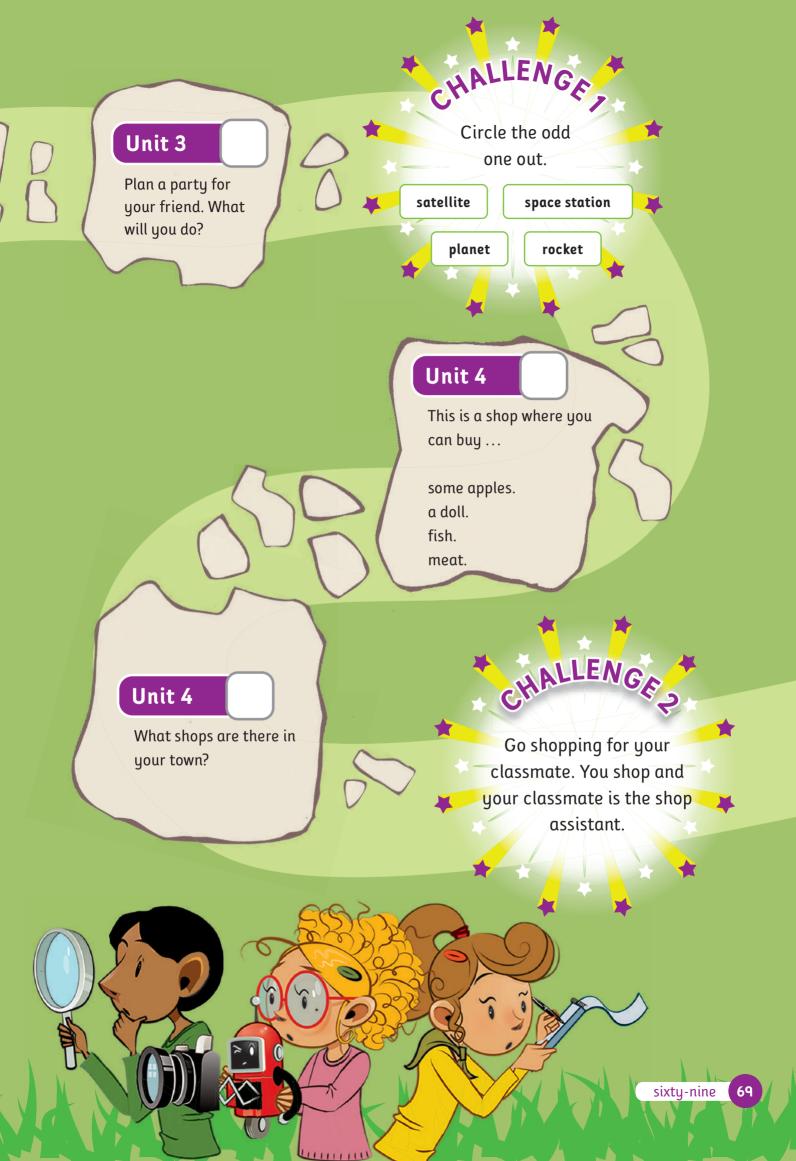
1,000,000

Unit 2

What could you do when you were five?

Unit 2

Where did you go last weekend?



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